

GE-GB-PxRC Copper SFP Transceiver

Features

- ◆ Up to 1.25Gb/s bi-directional data links
- ◆ Hot-pluggable SFP footprint
- ◆ Extended case temperature range (0°C to +85°C)
- ◆ Fully metallic enclosure for low EMI
- ◆ Low power dissipation (1.05 W typical)
- ◆ Compact RJ-45 connector assembly
- ◆ Access to physical layer IC via 2-wire serial bus
- ◆ 1000 BASE-T operation in host systems with SERDES interface
- ◆ 10/100/1000Mbps compliant in host systems with SGMII interface



Applications

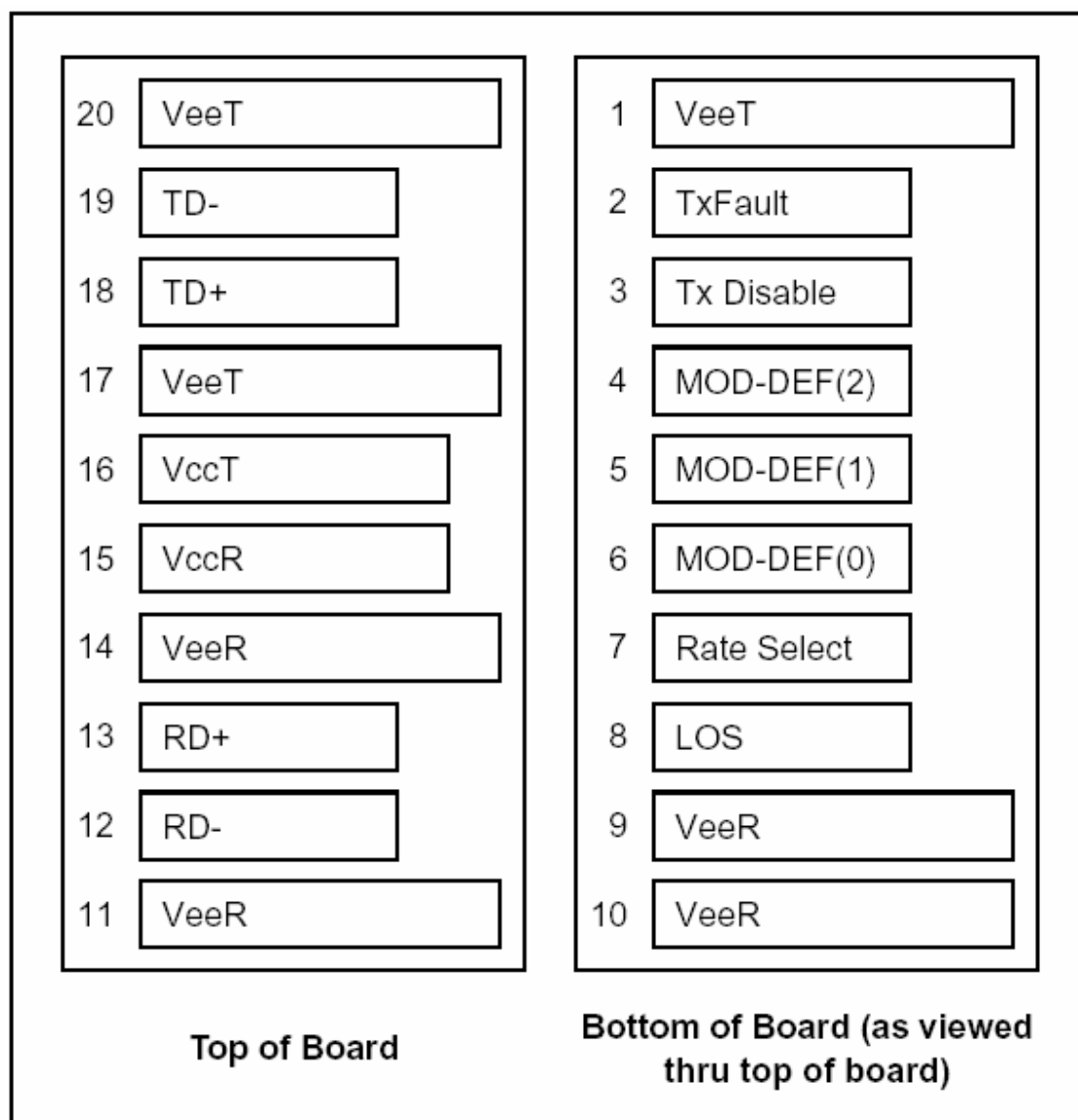
- ◆ 1.25 Gigabit Ethernet over Cat 5 cable

Description

Gigalight's GE-GB-PxRC Copper Small Form Pluggable (SFP)transceivers is high performance, cost effective module compliant with the Gigabit Ethernet and 1000- BASE-T standards as specified in IEEE 802. 3-2002 and IEEE 802.3ab, which supporting 1000Mbps data- rate up to 100 meters reach over unshielded twisted-pair category 5 cable. The module supports1000 Mbps full duplex data-links with 5-level Pulse Amplitude Modulation (PAM) signals. All four pairs in the cable are used with symbol rate at 250Mbps on each pair. The module provides standard serial ID information compliant with SFP MSA, which can be accessed with address of A0h via the 2wire serial CMOS EEPROM protocol. The physical IC can also be accessed via 2wire serial bus at address A0h.

Pin Definitions

Pin Diagram



Pin Descriptions

| Pin | Signal Name | Description | Plug Seq. | Notes |
|-----|------------------|------------------------------|-----------|--------|
| 1 | V _{EET} | Transmitter Ground | 1 | |
| 2 | TX FAULT | Transmitter Fault Indication | 3 | Note1 |
| 3 | TX DISABLE | Transmitter Disable | 3 | Note2 |
| 4 | MOD_DEF(2) | SDA Serial Data Signal | 3 | Note3 |
| 5 | MOD_DEF(1) | SCL Serial Clock Signal | 3 | Note3 |
| 6 | MOD_DEF(0) | TTL Low | 3 | Note3 |
| 7 | Rate Select | Not Connected | 3 | |
| 8 | LOS | Loss of Signal | 3 | Note 4 |
| 9 | V _{EER} | Receiver ground | 1 | |
| 10 | V _{EER} | Receiver ground | 1 | |
| 11 | V _{EER} | Receiver ground | 1 | |
| 12 | RX- | Inv. Received Data Out | 3 | Note 5 |
| 13 | RX+ | Received Data Out | 3 | Note 5 |
| 14 | V _{EER} | Receiver ground | 1 | |
| 15 | V _{CCR} | Receiver Power Supply | 2 | |
| 16 | V _{CCT} | Transmitter Power Supply | 2 | |
| 17 | V _{EET} | Transmitter Ground | 1 | |
| 18 | TX+ | Transmit Data In | 3 | Note 6 |
| 19 | TX- | Inv. Transmit Data In | 3 | Note 6 |
| 20 | V _{EET} | Transmitter Ground | 1 | |

Notes:

Plug Seq.: Pin engagement sequence during hot plugging.

- 1) TX Fault is an open collector output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor on the host board to a voltage between 2.0V and V_{cc}+0.3V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; logic 1 indicates a laser fault of some kind. In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.
- 2) TX Disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a 4.7 K 10 K resistor. Its states are:

| | |
|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Low (0 to 0.8V): | Transmitter on |
| (>0.8, < 2.0V): | Undefined |
| High (2.0 to 3.465V): | Transmitter Disabled |
| Open: | Transmitter Disabled |
- 3) Mod-Def 0,1,2. These are the module definition pins. They should be pulled up with a 4.7K to 10K resistor on the host board. The pull-up voltage shall be V_{ccT} or V_{ccR}
 Mod-Def 0 is grounded by the module to indicate that the module is present
 Mod-Def 1 is the clock line of two wire serial interface for serial ID
 Mod-Def 2 is the data line of two wire serial interface for serial ID
- 4) LOS (Loss of Signal) is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7K to 10K resistor. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and V_{ccT}, R+0.3V. When high, this output indicates the received optical power is below the worst-case receiver sensitivity (as defined by the standard in use). Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to <0.8V.
- 5) RD-/+ : These are the differential receiver outputs. They are AC coupled 100 differential lines which should be terminated with 100 (differential) at the user SERDES.
- 6) TD-/+ : These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are AC-coupled, differential lines with 100 differential termination inside the module.

+3.3V Volt Electrical Power Interface

The GE-GB-PxRC has an input voltage range of +5V +/- 5%. The 3.3V maximum voltage is not allowed for continuous operation.

Table 1. +3.3V Volt electrical power interface

| +3.3V volt Electrical Power Interface | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|--------|------|-----|------|-------|---|
| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Units | Notes/Conditions |
| Supply Current | Is | | 320 | 375 | mA | 1.2W max power over full range of voltage and temperature. See caution note below |
| Input Voltage | Vcc | 3.13 | 3.3 | 3.47 | V | Referenced to GND |
| Maximum Voltage | Vmax | | | 4 | V | |
| Surge Current | Isurge | | | 30 | mA | Hot plug above steady state current. See caution note below |

Caution: Power consumption and surge current are higher than the specified values in the GBIC MSA

Low-Speed Signals

MOD_DEF(1) (SCL) and MOD_DEF(2) (SDA), are open drain CMOS signals (see section VII, "Serial Communication Protocol"). Both MOD_DEF(1) and MOD_DEF(2) must be pulled up to host_Vcc.

Table 2. Low-speed signals, electronic characteristics

| Low-Speed Signals, Electronic Characteristics | | | | | |
|---|--------|----------------|----------------|-------|---|
| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Max | Units | Notes/Conditions |
| GBIC Output LOW | VOL | 0 | 0.5 | V | 4.7k to 10k pull-up to host_Vcc, measured at host side of connector |
| GBIC Output HIGH | VOH | host_Vcc - 0.5 | host_Vcc + 0.3 | V | 4.7k to 10k pull-up to host_Vcc, measured at host side of connector |
| GBIC Input LOW | VIL | 0 | 0.8 | V | 4.7k to 10k pull-up to Vcc, measured at GBIC side of connector |
| GBIC Input HIGH | VIH | 2 | Vcc + 0.3 | V | 4.7k to 10k pull-up to Vcc, measured at GBIC side of connector |

High-Speed Electrical Interface

All high-speed signals are AC-coupled internally.

Table 3. High-speed electrical interface, transmission line-GBIC

| High-Speed Electrical Interface Transmission Line-GBIC | | | | | | |
|--|---------|-----|-----|-----|-------|---|
| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Units | Notes/Conditions |
| Line Frequency | fL | | 125 | | MHz | 5-level encoding, per IEEE 802.3 |
| Tx Output Impedance | Zout,TX | | 100 | | Ohm | Differential, for all Frequencies between 1MHz and 125MHz |
| Rx Input Impedance | Zin,RX | | 100 | | Ohm | Differential, for all Frequencies between 1MHz and 125MHz |

High-speed electrical interface, host-GBIC

Table 4. High-speed electrical interface, host-GBIC

| High-Speed Electrical Interface, Host-GBIC | | | | | | |
|--|----------|-----|-----|------|-------|------------------|
| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Units | Notes/Conditions |
| Single ended data input swing | Vinsing | 250 | | 1200 | mV | Single ended |
| Single ended data output swing | Voutsing | 350 | | 800 | mV | Single ended |
| Rise/Fall Time | Tr,Tf | | 175 | | psec | 20%-80% |
| Tx Input Impedance | Zin | | 50 | | Ohm | Single ended |
| Rx Output Impedance | Zout | | 50 | | Ohm | Single ended |

General Specifications

Table 5. General specifications

| General | | | | | | |
|--------------|--------|-----|-----|-------|--------|--|
| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Units | Notes/Conditions |
| Data Rate | BR | 10 | | 1,000 | Mb/sec | IEEE 802.3 compatible. See Notes 2 through 4 below |
| Cable Length | L | | | 100 | m | Category 5 UTP. BER <10-12 |

Notes:

1. Clock tolerance is +/- 50 ppm
2. By default, the GE-GB-G is a full duplex device in preferred master mode
3. Automatic crossover detection is enabled. External crossover cable is not required
4. 1000 BASE-T operation requires the host system to have an SGMII interface with no clocks, and the module PHY to be configured per Application Note AN-2036. With a SERDES that does not support SGMII, the module will operate at 1000BASE-T only.

Environmental Specifications

Table 6. Environmental specifications

| Environmental Specifications | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|--------|-----|-----|-----|-------|---------------------|
| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Units | Notes/Conditions |
| Operating Temperature | Top | 0 | | 85 | °C | Case temperature |
| Storage Temperature | Tsto | -40 | | 85 | °C | Ambient temperature |

References

1. Gigabit Interface Converter (GBIC) Transceiver Multi-Source Agreement (MSA),
2. IEEE Std 802.3, 2002 Edition. IEEE Standards Department, 2002.
3. "AT24C01A/02/04/08/16 2-Wire Serial CMOS E2PROM", Atmel Corporation.
4. "Alaska Ultra 88E1111 Integrated 10/100/1000 Gigabit Ethernet Transceiver", Marvell Corporation.

Mechanical Specifications

The host-side of the GE-GB-P conforms to the mechanical specifications outlined in the SFP MSA1. The front portion of the SFP (part extending beyond the face plate of the host) is larger to accommodate the RJ-45 connector.

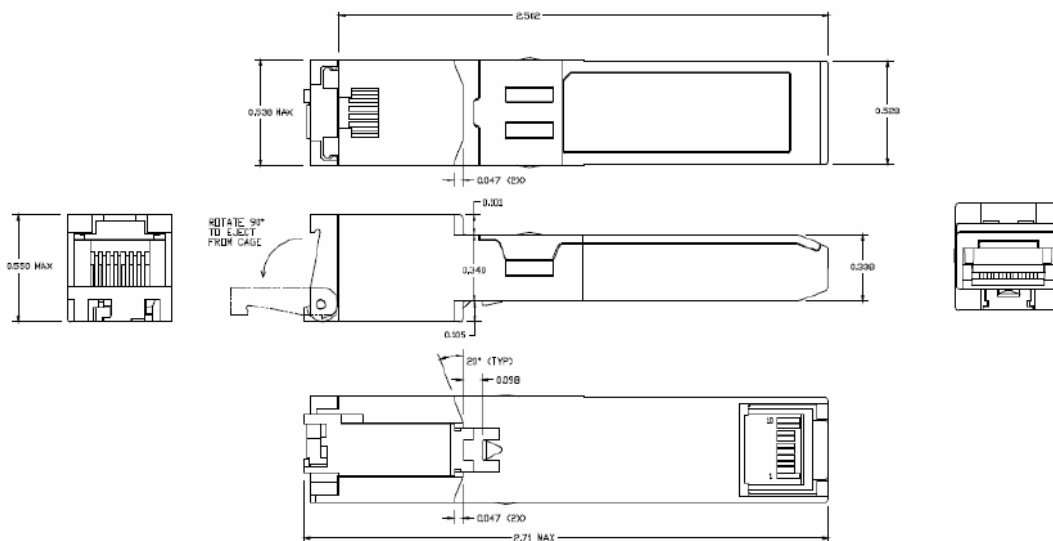


Figure 2. GE-GB-PxR mechanical dimensions



References

1. Small Form Factor Pluggable (SFP) Transceiver Multi-Source Agreement (MSA),
2. IEEE Std 802.3, 2002 Edition. IEEE Standards Department, 2002.
3. "AT24C01A/02/04/08/16 2-Wire Serial CMOS E2PROM", Atmel Corporation.

Ordering information

| Part number | Operating Case temperature |
|-------------|--|
| GE-GB-P1RC | 10/100/1000Mbps, SGMII interface, Copper SFP with spring latch |
| GE-GB-P3RC | 1000Mbps only, SERDES interface, Copper SFP with spring latch |

E-mail: sales@gigalight.com.cn

Web : <http://www.gigalight.com.cn>